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For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have
Always Bought
Bears the
Signature
of
Dr. J. C. H. Fletcher
In Use
For Over
Thirty Years
CASTORIA
Exact Copy of Wrapper.

NOTICE!

My stock of new Spring Goods is now ready for your inspection. I spared no effort in selecting this stock with a view to Quality, Style and Price, and am satisfied that I can show you as complete a line of Spring and Family Goods and Notions as you will find anywhere, and as heretofore, my prices for the same quality of goods shall be the lowest.

White Goods are greatly in favor this season, and I am specially strong here in new white goods from 10c to 50c the yard.

One of the biggest stocks of Hosiery in Greenville—the right goods at the right prices.

Underwear for men and women, in all grades. You will do yourself an injustice if you fail to look at my goods and get my prices before buying your Spring Goods.

A. K. Park,

West End, Greenville.

Buggies and Wagons Repaired.

TO LET you know that I am prepared to take care of your work, I have on hand the following material: Wagon and buggy spokes and rims, buggy shafts, cross bars, perch poles, pole circles, double trees, finished hickory axles, hound timber, wagon tongues, buggy and wagon tires, wagon skeins and singletree irons. See me before you have that job done. By handling my own material I can make you a close price on your work.

W. M. Rosemond

First door below the printing office. PICKENS.

I WANT

the public to know that I keep on hand a full stock of GOLDSBORO and CORBIT BUGGIES, OLD HICKORY WAGONS and ALL kinds of FARM IMPLEMENTS.

I will sell top buggies, open buggies, end springs and side springs. One-horse wagons, two-horse wagons. Every buggy and wagon guaranteed to be just as represented. I sell Meal and Hulls, also CAPITOLA FLOUR. I handle High Grade Fertilizers, in fact Fertilizers of all grades. My motto is a fair deal to everybody. Come and try me and be convinced.

I handle coffins, caskets and all burial supplies.

R. M. BAKER

Norris, S. C.

Try an Advertisement in The Sentinel

INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

(By E. O. SELLERS, Director of Evening Department, The Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.)

LESSON FOR JUNE 1.

JOSEPH TESTS HIS BRETHREN.

LESSON TEXT.—Gen. 44:1-17. **GOLDEN TEXT.**—"Confess therefore your sins one to another, and pray one for another, that ye may be healed." James 5:16, R. V.

Last week we beheld Joseph gazing for the first time upon his brothers. While we witnessed his joy, at the same time we noted another strong trait of character, viz., that of self-restraint. In that lesson we studied briefly the fear and the suspicion of the guilty brothers and at the close we left them with feigned merriment (for their hearts were at unrest) seeking to put on a bold front, if perchance their fears were groundless. It was doubtless Joseph's plan to retain possession of his brother Benjamin and let the others go (v. 2). In his present joy and love for his brother Joseph seems to have forgotten for a moment the aged father.

Gladness Shattered.

"As soon as the morning was light," the very earliest possible moment, the brothers departed, and who can say but that it was with a sense of relief that they were once more well out of the city and on the road homeward?

I. The Plotting, vv. 4-13. However, all of their gladness and exultation was shattered swiftly and suddenly when Joseph's steward overtook them and charged them not only with ingratitude, but worse still of purloining the cup of Joseph, who was "even as Pharaoh" (v. 18). It is easy for us to picture the consternation that filled them when after their protested innocence the cup was discovered in Benjamin's sack, and with what shame and fear they must have retraced their steps. We cannot read into this story any idea that the brothers had any knowledge of the cup being in Benjamin's sack, and therefore they must have considered him, upon circumstantial evidence, as being guilty, and having made such a strong protestation (v. 9) that they were involved in his guilt. They were, therefore, in a place of great danger and difficulty.

Involved in Web.

Again, as last week, we do not blink at Joseph's deception and we need to remember that divination (vv. 5, 14) was later strictly forbidden in the law, Deut. 18:10-12. It is probable, however, that Joseph did not practice that art. The profuse self-defense of these brothers (v. 8) in emphasizing their honesty may, in the light of their history, be questioned. The return of the money was more to avoid trouble than because of conscientious scruples. A proper regard for the events of their former visit ought to have cautioned them against undue protestations or any thoughtless promises in this instance. As it was, they involved themselves in a web from which they were unable to extricate themselves.

Of course the steward knew of their innocence, but notice how he prolongs their anxiety by beginning with the eldest and going through each sack till he reaches that of Benjamin (v. 12). Now it was their turn to rend their clothes (v. 13); deception has been practiced upon them even as they had practiced it upon Jacob.

II. Pleading, vv. 14-17, and the balance of the chapter. Whether or not Joseph foresaw the result of his plan, a remarkable thing happened. Though in all probability these men judged Benjamin guilty yet they at once decided to stand by him, both for his own and for Jacob's sake. They there by revealed the fact that a change had taken place or else was beginning to work itself out in their lives. Joseph was waiting for them as though in the main he had all the details worked out in his own mind. Yesterday feasting and making merry, today with abject, servile fear they are on their faces before Joseph protesting their innocence and through the mouth of Judah pleading for Benjamin. We need to remember that it was Judah who saved the life of Joseph by advising his sale into slavery, and it was Judah who undertook to be responsible for Benjamin when they began this present journey. This is not the last time they were on their faces before Joseph (50:18), even so the day of confession before our Joseph is coming, Phil. 2:10, 11. They are called upon to give an account of their deeds, even so must we give an account of our stewardship and of our acts, 2 Cor. 5:10. Judah's plea is a fine bit of logic and an appeal to compassion. His words indicate that he knew that all of the difficulties were the outcome of their own sin, vv. 16, 29 and 42:21, 28. God always finds out our iniquities, but blessed is that man whose sin is covered by the "robe of his righteousness." This new attitude of these men as voiced by Judah is a remarkable illustration of what the grace of God can do in the character of a man. Judah's sin, chapter 38, is a type of that danger ever present to God's children.

One ought to study this entire chapter in order properly to teach this lesson. The story is one that is full of dramatic power, but do not let the telling of it be so vivid as to exclude the fundamental lesson.

Money to Loan.

Loans on farms. Three hundred dollars to ten thousand dollars. Easy terms. Apply to R. T. Jaynes, Walhalla, S. C., or J. F. Keown, Pickens, S. C. apr23

Aiken's Views On Tariff.

Receiving Many Protests, But Do Not Fear Effects of Reductions.

A dispatch from Washington says: During the past week South Carolina members of congress have received a number of telegrams from cotton manufacturers in the South protesting against the passage of the Underwood tariff bill. Most of these telegrams have been identical in wording, although signed by different persons, and this has led the members of Congress to believe that the telegrams have been sent from a central source, and that as a rule the individual cotton mill men are not worrying very much over the passage of the bill.

In discussing the receipt of these telegrams Representative Wyatt Aiken said:

"President Wilson and this Democratic Congress were elected on a platform which promised that they would revise the tariff downward. That promise was repeated on every stump in the country in the campaign last summer and fall. The Underwood bill was prepared by the Ways and Means Committee and submitted to the Democratic caucus of the House, and was approved by the caucus by a vote so overwhelming as to be practically unanimous, and the Democratic members of the House are doubly bound, by the caucus, to vote for it. I am frank to say that, even if I were not so bound, I would still vote for it, for I believe it is a good bill and a just one, framed in the interest of the people, and will give them relief. If there is a temporary depression it will be because of speculation, and not by reason of the actual effects of the bill.

"As to the cotton schedule: The tariff duties on many lines of cotton goods will be reduced, but the reduction in this schedule will not be greater than the reduction in other schedules. The cotton manufacturers of the South cannot in good faith, ask that they be given special privileges, and we could not give it to them if they should ask for it. But I am quite sure the lowering of the duties on cotton goods will not hurt the mills to the extent that some of their pleaders would have us believe. Many of the mills in South Carolina now ship their entire output to Asiatic countries, and have been doing so for a long time. They are underselling European Mills in order to do this, and I fail to see how a reduction of the duties on imports can affect them. Only a few weeks ago a South Carolina manufacturer evidently undersold them, and yet he will have to ship his goods half way

round the world. How is a reduction of the tariff going to affect a condition of this kind?

"I saw a statement the other day to the effect that the price of raw cotton had dropped five dollars a bale because of the Underwood tariff bill. Such a decline has not been warranted by the actual facts. We have had speculation in cotton under a high tariff system; in fact, cotton was at its lowest price during a reign of the high tariff. It may be that cotton speculators will try to use the tariff bill to unduly depress the price of cotton. I hope and believe none of the South Carolina mill men will lend themselves to such a scheme if it should be started—if, indeed, it has not already started. But if such a movement is on foot it must not be laid at the door of the tariff bill, for the farmers of the South will surely remember the violent fluctuations in the price only a few years ago, under the high tariff system.

"But this effort to depress the price of cotton may be made, and now is a good time to make a suggestion that has been made often before, to the farmers, and that is that the cotton crop this year should not be too large, and that it should be produced at a minimum of cost. It is not too late for most farmers to reduce their cotton acreage to some extent, and to plan for more food crops. During the past few years the farmers of the South have profited vastly by organization and better methods of handling the cotton crop, and it will be suicidal for them to become careless now. Of course, all this has been told the farmers time and again, but it seems to me that it is especially applicable at this time. It looks as if a bear campaign is being planned, and our people should begin to prepare for it. The farmers of the South can control the price of cotton next fall, but in order to do so they must begin their preparations now."—Walhalla Courier.

HOW TO RESIST

Chronic Coughs and Colds.

Strong, vigorous men and women hardly ever catch cold; it's only when the system is run down and vitally low that colds and coughs get a foothold.

Now isn't it reasonable that the right way to cure a cough is to build up your strength again?

Mrs. Olivia Parham, of East Durham, N. C., says: "I took Vinol for a chronic cough which had lasted two years, and the cough not only disappeared, but it built up my strength as well."

The reason Vinol is so efficacious in such cases is because it contains in a delicious concentrated form all the medicinal curative elements of cod liver oil, with tonic, blood-building iron added.

Chronic coughs and colds yield to Vinol because it builds up the weakened, run-down system.

You can get your money back any time if Vinol does not do all we say.

Pickens Drug Co., Pickens, S. C.

Card of Thanks.

Dear Mr. Editor: Will you please allow me space in your valuable paper to thank our good neighbors for their kindness shown us during the sickness and death of our little babe. Also we thank Dr. Kirksey for his sympathetic kindness and medical attention shown the little one.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Davis.

Best Medicine for Colds

When a druggist recommends a remedy for colds, throat and lung troubles, you can feel sure that he knows what he is talking about. C. Lower, Druggist of Marion, Ohio, writes of Dr. King's New Discovery: "I know Dr. King's New Discovery is the best throat and lung medicine I sell. It cured my wife of a severe bronchial cold after all other remedies failed." It will do the same for you if you are suffering with a cold or any bronchial, throat or lung cough. Keep a bottle on hand all the time for everyone in the family to use. It is a home doctor. Price 50c and \$1.00. Guaranteed by Pickens Drug Co.

Headache

is one of the common symptoms of womanly trouble, and the cause has to be removed before you can rid yourself of it entirely. A medicine that merely kills pain, does not go to the seat of the trouble, and kill the cause. What you need is a woman's medicine—one which acts directly, yet gently, on the womanly organs.

TAKE

Cardui
The Woman's Tonic

After having used Cardui, Miss Lillie Gibson, of Chiseman, Texas, writes: "About three years ago, I was just entering womanhood, and was sick in bed for nearly nine months. Sometimes I would have such headaches, and other aches, I could hardly stand it. I tried Cardui, and now I am cured of all my troubles. I shall praise Cardui as long as I live." Cardui is the medicine you need. Try it. E-69

Saving Time

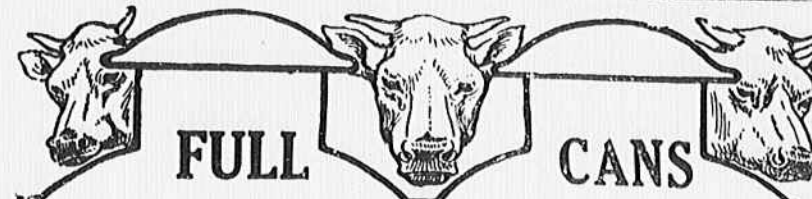
YOU can buy clothes in two ways. One way is to choose the cloth from a piece of goods and have your measure taken, by somebody who may or may not know how; and wait ten days to three weeks to get them. You can't tell how becoming they will be; you take a chance on the fit, you don't know whether they will be well made or not.

The other way is to buy ready-made clothes. You choose the finished garment, the styles are produced by the best designers in the world, you know in a few minutes if the clothes fit. You know when you see our mark in them, that they're all wool, and finely tailored.

You can do it all in less than an hour, and wear the clothes home.

When you come to Greenville drop in and let us show you. REMEMBER we refund railroad fare,

SMITH & BRISTOW
GREENVILLE, S. C.



of milk every day are never secured by haphazard methods. Successful dairymen know that no poor, run-down cow can make a good record. If your herd is not doing as well as it should, use

Pratts Animal Regulator

You will surely get more milk per day, and for a greater number of days. The total increase will make a big addition to the season's income.

25c, 50c, \$1; 25-lb. pail, \$3.50

"Your money back if it fails"

Pratts Healing Ointment

25c, 50c

cures cut, cracked and sore teats. Use it on cows that are affected and make milking easy. Sample free.

1913 Almanac FREE

Get Pratts Profit-sharing Booklet

Folger, Thornley & Company

Pickens Railroad Company,

TIME TABLE No 12.

SUPEREDES TIME TABLE No. 11.

EFFECTIVE JUNE 15th, 1911.

No. 1 Mix'd	No. 3 Mix'd	No. 5 Mix'd	STATION	No. 2 Mix'd	No. 4 Mix'd	No. 6 Mix'd
A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	Ar. Lv.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
7:30	11:00	3:15	PICKENS	9:10	1:50	4:35
7:35	11:05	3:20	*FERGUSON	9:05	1:45	4:30
7:45	11:15	3:30	*PARSONS	8:55	1:35	4:20
7:50	11:20	3:35	*ARLAIL	8:55	1:30	4:15
7:55	11:55	3:40	*MAULDIN	8:45	1:25	4:10
8:00	11:30	3:45	EASLEY	8:40	1:20	4:05
			Ar. Lv.			

*Flag Stations—No Agents.

No. 1 connects with Southern No. 42
No. 3 connects with Southern No. 39
No. 3 connects with Southern No. 39
No. 4 connects with Southern No. 12
No. 4 connects with Southern No. 39
No. 5 connects with Southern No. 11

For any further information apply to

J. T. TAYLOR,
General Manager.

Southern Railway

Schedules Effective Sept. 22, 1912 from Easley.

N. B.—The following schedule figures are published only as information and are not guaranteed.

Premier Carrier of the South

ARRIVE FROM THE SOUTH

No. 44 ATLANTA 2:30 p.m.
Stops to discharge passengers from Atlanta, or to receive passengers for Charlotte and beyond.
No. 36 NEW ORLEANS and ATLANTA 5:45 a.m.
Stops only on Sundays
No. 42 SENECA (Daily) 8:35 a.m.
No. 13 ATLANTA 1:45 p.m.
No. 40 ATLANTA 6:25 p.m.
No. 0 BIRMINGHAM and ATLANTA 7:55 p.m.
For Washington and New York. Stops to discharge passengers from Atlanta and to receive passengers for Charlotte and beyond

ARRIVE FROM THE NORTH

20 NEW YORK and WASHINGTON 6:50 a.m.
Stops to take on passengers for Atlanta
39 CHARLOTTE 11:55 a.m.
11 CHARLOTTE 4:00 p.m.
41 CHARLOTTE (Daily) 9:55 p.m.

For further information apply to Ticket Agent or write
W. R. TABER, P. & T. A. Greenville, S. C.
W. E. MCGEE, A. G. A. Columbia, S. C.